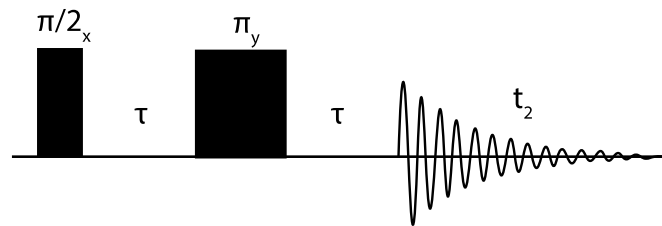


## Jigsaw 3D

1. [Keeler Section 4.8] In a simple pulse-acquire experiment to determine a pulse length, an operator observed a positive signal for pulse lengths of 5 and 10  $\mu\text{s}$ . As the pulse was lengthened further the intensity decreased, went through a null at 20.5  $\mu\text{s}$  and then became negative.
  - a. Explain what is happening in this experiment.
  - b. Use the data to determine the RF field strength in Hz and in  $\text{rad}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ .
  - c. Find the length of a  $90^\circ$  pulse.
  - d. At what pulse length will the next null be observed?
2. [Keeler Section 4.9] The spin echo sequence is shown below. *See also: Jigsaw 3A.2*



- a. Use vector diagrams to show what happens during the spin echo sequence.
- b. In what way does the result differ from a spin echo in which the  $180^\circ$  pulse is about the x-axis? Without drawing up further detailed diagrams, state what the effect of applying the refocusing pulse about the x-axis would be.